

The Goodland Republic.

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REVOKE THAT ORDER

Union Pacific Employees Must Be Given Public Notice Under the Order.

THE JUDGE WILL GO TO OMAHA.

Judge Caldwell Names Condition Under Which He Will Consider the Case—Thurston and Cowin Met With a Surprise.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—Attorneys Thurston and Cowin, who came here to endeavor to secure an order harmonizing the contradictory opinions of Judge Dundy of Omaha and Judge Hallett of Denver, have met with a surprise at the hands of Circuit Judge Caldwell. In an informal talk with Judge Caldwell to secure a date for a hearing, Mr. Thurston gave a resume of the existing state of affairs, reciting what the courts, as well as the receivers, had done, devoting himself more especially to the annulling by the receivers of the wage schedule and their order placing a new and reduced one in effect March 1, together with the order of Judge Dundy recognizing the propriety of such action and the action by Judge Hallett, in effect, contrary to that order. General Thurston said that the failure of Judge Hallett to make any order on the subject was held as a refusal to endorse the idea that the receivers have the power to adopt new schedules, and it was this apparent clash of judicial opinion that was creating discontent along the line, and making the situation almost threatening. After some desultory talk Judge Caldwell said to General Thurston that the receivers had taken advantage of the men behind their backs. "Go back to Omaha and revoke that order," the judge said, "then I will take your case. Prepare and advertise your schedule and give the men notice, and I think that 60 days might not be unreasonable. I will come to Omaha and hold the conference with your receivers and the representatives of the labor societies and we will see if we cannot agree upon a schedule that will be just to the employees, and will be such as the receivers can afford to pay."

Mr. Thurston called the attention of Judge Caldwell to the contradictory orders issued by Judges Dundy and Hallett as to the traffic contract between the Union Pacific and the Gulf branch of that system. Judge Dundy had directed the receivers to disregard that contract and Judge Hallett said that it must be respected. This contract obligated the Union Pacific to "put up" on the bonded indebtedness of the Gulf branch to nearly a million a year and the receivers thought prudent business management required that they be relieved of that drain. As matters now stand, the receivers stood a certainty of being in contempt in one jurisdiction or the other. Judge Caldwell said that he would consult with Judge Sanborn as to whether they had jurisdiction and reply later.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Senator White of Louisiana Confirmed as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The entire time of the senate Wednesday was consumed in the discussion of the house bill compelling the Rock Island railway to stop at the new towns of Enid and Round Pond, in the Indian Territory. The measure is especially championed by Senator Berry (Ala.) and is proving a subject of great attention, as some Democratic senators see in the proposed exercise of congressional power, usurpation of rights. No action was reached on the bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—All efforts to agree upon a time for closing the debate on the Bland bill have so far failed, and debate is proceeding without limit.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Vice President Stevenson came to the rescue of the Oklahoma townsites bill Thursday and by his vote broke the tie and the bill compelling the Rock Island railway to stop at the new towns of Enid and Round Pond was passed. This measure has been under discussion in the senate nearly a week and has been one of the most hotly contested bills of the session. The railroad company, according to the advocates of the bill, secured from the control of the Indians in advance of the two townsites, it is championing in opposition to those of Enid and Round Pond, regularly established by the interior department. The trains of the Rock Island have refused to stop at Enid and Round Pond and compelled settlers to come two or three miles down the line in order to receive their freight or transact any business involving railroad transportation.

As Enid and Round Pond are alleged to each have a population of 2,000 inhabitants or more, the remonstrance against the railroad company's actions have been so strong it has found its way in congress. The measure on the final vote stood 37 to 27 and the vice president promptly exercised his prerogative by casting the deciding vote in favor of the bill. The senate amended the measure, however, and it must go back to the house for the concurrence of that body.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The debate on the Bland seigniorage bill in the house Thursday was characterized by several strong Democratic speeches against the measure. Mr. Bland has given up hope of reaching an agreement to close debate by consent and he will move to close debate. He is confident that on Saturday or Monday, at the farthest, a

quorum will be present to pass the bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The senate adjourned a few minutes after 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, after spending the better part of two days considering the nomination of W. H. Peckham of New York to be associate justice of the supreme court. The motion to confirm the nomination was rejected by a vote of 32 to 41.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Mr. Bland Friday began his coercive tactics to compel a vote on the silver seigniorage bill. The bulk of the Republicans and the Democratic opponents of the measure inaugurated a filibuster with the intention of forcing him to produce a quorum of the advocates of the bill to pass it and the entire day was consumed in roll calls. The highest number of votes Mr. Bland was able to poll was 163 in favor of his demand for the previous question on the motion to close debate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—At the opening of the session this morning Mr. Wheeler moved that the senate amend the bill to require railroad companies operating in the territories over a right of way granted by the government to establish stations and depots at all town sites on the lines of said road and established by the interior department be non-concurred in.

Mr. Hopkins (Illa.) moved to concur and a spirited debate followed.

The house was without a quorum on the Bland seigniorage bill and the tactics of yesterday were resumed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Monday afternoon the president sent to the senate the nomination of Senator Edward D. White to be associate justice of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Blatchford. The senate had hardly time to recover from its surprise when Senator White's confirmation was announced. The nomination was not referred to the committee at all, and less than an hour after the nomination had been received the senate had placed its seal upon the selection. The nomination was received through Private Secretary Pruden about 2:40 and an executive session immediately moved. The senate had been sitting behind closed doors less than an hour when it became known that the motion to confirm without reference had carried without opposition. The vote was unanimously and heartily in favor of confirmation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The struggle to secure a quorum to order the previous question on Mr. Bland's motion to close debate on the silver seigniorage bill was resumed today. Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) came forward with a new device for preventing filibustering in the shape of an amendment to the rules, which he asked to have referred to the committee on rules. The proposed amendment was referred.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The session of the senate Tuesday was devoid of special interest. Senator Daniel concluded his speech on the Hawaiian question and while supporting warmly the course that has been followed by the administration, he declared that now there was nothing but to recognize the new government and wish it God speed. After Senator Daniel's speech, the bill for additional printing office facilities was discussed in a desultory manner the remainder of the day.

House Deadlock Was Not Broken.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The deadlock on the Bland seigniorage bill was not broken in the house Tuesday. Roll call followed roll call until 4 o'clock, when, it being apparent Mr. Bland could not muster a quorum on his proposition, he moved an adjournment.

NEWS OF A DAY.

The international council is in session at Chocoma, I. T.

Governor J. S. Hogg of Texas is to be prosecuted for killing a deer out of season.

The boom day million dollar hotel at Middleboro, Ky., will be sold by the sheriff March 12.

A grand jury is investigating the proposed duel between the editors of the Lexington, Ky., Transcript and Press.

Hackett, the Maine bond thief, has compromised with his prosecutors at Winnipeg, Man. The amount involved was \$21,000.

Miss Anna Conklin of Beloit, Wis., has been stricken with smallpox.

James Lombard, collector of the port at St. Joseph, Mo., was removed from office.

E. E. Hancock, a prominent politician at Barry, Ill., shot and killed himself owing to despondency.

It was decided at a special election at Salem, Ill., to change the incorporation of the city from under a special charter to a general.

Joseph Brown of Dubuque, Ia., has compromised his \$15,000 damage suit against the Illinois Central railroad for \$1,400.

Governor Matthews pardoned Frank Cripe of Elkhart, Ind., serving a life sentence for killing a night watchman in a fight 12 years ago.

Charles F. Anderson, a contractor of Lebanon, Ind., has sued Augustus Wells of Mason, Mich., for \$5,000 damages for alienating his wife's affections.

Attachment suits aggregating \$30,000 were filed against C. A. Hobson, dry goods dealer at Cedar Rapids, Ia. Assets, \$35,000; liabilities, \$43,000.

Dr. M. B. Davis, whose death occurred at Rosseau, Morgan county, Ohio, Thursday last, left a letter showing he had forged notes and committed suicide to escape the penitentiary.

The receivers of the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louisville Consolidated railway have given notice that the interest due bondholders of the Evansville, Rockport and eastern railroad Jan. 1 will be paid on and after Feb. 24.

SIX YEARS IN THE PEN

The Sentence Pronounced on John Y. McKane for Interfering With Elections.

THE KING TOOK IT VERY EASY.

Judge Bartlett's Ruling and Decision—Motion for a New Trial Overruled—The End of Gravesend's Great Political Boss.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 20.—John Y. McKane was sentenced to six years in state's prison. "How long will he get?" was the question which one heard everywhere in Brooklyn this morning. On the elevated roads, on the street cars and on the sidewalks, wherever two or three men could be seen together, it is safe to say that they were talking about the McKane case.

At the courthouse, crowds of anxious men besieged the doors of the courtroom and the policemen had a herculean task in keeping them from breaking down the doors in their anxiety to get in to secure a good position, at which they could hear and see everything which took place.

Finally, one by one, the spectators were let in, and just at 9:55 the door



JOHN Y. MCKANE.

opened wide and John Y. McKane, accompanied by Sheriff Butting, entered. He was apparently the most unconcerned man in the courtroom, and walked about, talking to his friends, who one and all shook him warmly by the hand. Every one who saw him remarked about his wonderful nerve and self-possession.

Motion for a New Trial Denied.

When Judge Bartlett took his seat on the bench Mr. James arose and moved for a new trial. It was denied. Mr. James then asked for a stay of execution of judgment for 30 days to enable the defendant to move on a notice for certificate of reasonable doubt. Mr. Sheppard said that it would be better for the defendant's counsel to wait until sentence be pronounced before making this application. Mr. Sheppard moved for sentence to be passed.

McKane, when asked what he had to say, said: "I do not know that I can say anything, but what I said on the stand during the trial. I have never done anything wrong to any one as far as I know. I never did anything directly or indirectly wrong with regard to the election, nor did I ever counsel any one else to do anything wrong. I again say that I am not guilty of any offense against the law."

Judge Bartlett then proceeded to pass sentence, and said: "I do not feel inclined to disregard the recommendation to mercy made by the jury. The crime which the defendant committed was a serious one. That great crime seems to be one that demands an emphatic sentence. The penalty should be so severe as to express deep condemnation, while not so severe as to excite sympathy. The sentence of the court is that the defendant be imprisoned in Sing Sing prison for six years."

EVANS AND MORRELL IN CUSTODY.

The California Desperados Surrender to Sheriff Kay.

VISALIA, Cal., Feb. 21.—Chris Evans, the train robber and outlaw who escaped from the Fresno jail a month ago, is again in custody. It was discovered that he had come into Visalia from the mountains with his partner Edward Morrell, who assisted him to escape from jail, and that the two men were hiding in Evans' house here. Officers surrounded the house early Monday morning and a few hours later practically all the inhabitants were present. Evans recognized the fact that escape was impossible and after a brief negotiation with Sheriff Kay surrendered. The officers are reticent as to the disposal of Evans at present, but it is supposed he will be spirited to Fresno, where he will receive immediate sentence, and be hurried to state prison. Evans refuses to be interviewed. Morrell is more talkative and tells his story of the recent encounter at Slick Rock. There is great rejoicing here at the capture.

The Disaster at Kiel.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The warship Brandenburg, which was seriously injured by the explosion of her steam pipe, an accident which resulted in the death of over 40 men, has been towed into the harbor. The chief engineer, who has been missing since the explosion, was found dead, and in addition three more of the injured artificers have succumbed to their injuries, bringing the total of dead up to 43.

Four Men Crushed in a Collision.

DES MOINES, Feb. 20.—A freight train and a passenger engine collided near

Valley Junction. As a result four men were seriously injured, as follows: George Laird, engineer, injured knee and face, head and arms seriously bruised. James Wolfe, engineer, serious injuries to the head. John Myers, fireman, head and arms seriously injured; may die. A. P. Alcott, injuries to the head.

Sixty Deaths Daily.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 21.—The deaths from yellow fever now average 60 daily. The government cruiser Niteroi, which was reported outside, has sailed south. The Detroit returned to the harbor. The Charleston and New York are cruising outside the harbor.

ATLANTIC LINER DISABLED.

Steamship Paris at Anchor Off the Coast of Ireland With a Broken Rudder.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 17.—The steamship Adriatic of the White Star line which left New York on Feb. 7 for Liverpool, passed Brownhead this morning and upon arrival here reported passing the steamer Paris of the American line off Dunt's Rock, south of Ireland. The steamer was at anchor and did not seem to be in need of assistance.

So soon as the news of the reported accident reached here, the agent of the American line, on board a tug, left this port for the spot where the Paris was reported to have anchored.

The disaster to the Paris, it is now announced, was caused by the breaking of the rudder in what is known as the trunk. The Paris is expected here shortly, and it is said that her passengers will be embarked upon a Cunard steamship and forwarded to their destination, New York, as soon as possible.

The steamship Paris is now safe at anchor here, and not one of the passengers has requested to go ashore.

WRECKED AND DYNAMITED.

An Overland Passenger Train Ditched and Loaded by Bandits.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 18.—Southern Pacific overland train No. 2 was held up and wrecked at Roscoe, 12 miles west of Los Angeles.

The switch had been thrown, and the train ran on a short spur, throwing the engine and two cars off the track. Engineer Dave Thomas is badly injured. Arthur Masters, the fireman, and an unknown tramp were shot and killed.

The robbers blew the express car open with bombs and robbed it. There were three men in the gang and they started north on horseback after the robbery.

It is now known that the robbers escaped with several sacks of gold. The body of a tramp who was killed and that of the fireman were brought here several hours after the robbery.

WINTER WHEAT PROSPECTS.

Reports From Western States Are Very Encouraging.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—The Farmers' Review says of winter wheat: Wheat in Illinois is quite generally under a blanket of snow. The prospects of the crop are reported good and the recent snow will do much to lessen the danger of disaster. Wheat in Missouri is in good condition and will be improved much by the recent heavy snow.

In Kansas the grain has been rather dry but is now covered with snow and the attendant moisture will help the crop. Some of the correspondents report the crop damaged considerably by the dry weather.

The reports from Nebraska indicate the condition somewhat less favorable than Kansas. The crop conditions in Iowa are various. The general condition is fair.

Women Elect Officers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Reports of committees occupied most of the attention of the sessions of the fourth day of the woman's suffrage convention. Mrs. Carrie Lane Chapman strongly represented the necessity for vigorous and active work in collecting funds for the movement in Kansas. Then followed the report of Kansas constitutional committee read by Mrs. Laura Johns. Contributions from several state delegations to assist in the work in Kansas were solicited and \$2,200 was pledged. The election of officers for the next ensuing year resulted as follows: Susan B. Anthony, president; Rev. Anna Shaw of Philadelphia, vice president at large; Rachael Foster Avery of Philadelphia, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Carrie Taylor Upton of Ohio, treasurer; and Mrs. Ellen B. Dietrick of Boston and Josephine K. Henry of Kentucky, auditors.

Miles City Stage Help Up.

DEADWOOD, Feb. 21.—A Mexican and a negro held up the Miles City stage at the fair grounds, two miles below Spearfish lake, Saturday night. The Mexican held his gun on the driver while the negro secured the mail sack. City Marshal Diltz of Deadwood arrested a man who gave his name as Isadore in a baggio here. He told the marshal that White, the negro, stopped at a colored settlement three miles this side of Spearfish and officers are now on his track. Isadore was held in \$3,000 bonds.

Texas Banker In Jail.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 21.—A. M. Britton of Fort Worth, who was arrested last week on several indictments charging him with the embezzlement of \$65,000 and thereby wrecking the First National bank of Vernon, Tex., was placed in jail in default of \$30,000 bonds.

Ohio Miners Go to Work.

BRIDGEPORT, Pa., Feb. 21.—About 1,500 miners went to work in the eastern Ohio district today.

MELLO AT RIO AGAIN

Reported to Have Had a Long Interview with De Gama, the Leader of the Insurgents.

GLADSTONE'S SPEECH WAS SHORT.

He Moved the Discharge of the Order of the Employers Liability Bill—Many Peers Present—Spanish Claim for Damages Allowed.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 21.—The Brazilian insurgent warship Republica, having on board, according to a report, Admiral de Mello and a strong reinforcement of troops for Admiral da Gama, has arrived here. It is reported ashore that the Niteroi, which sailed for the south after a short stay in these waters, will be ordered back from Santos to this port. When the Niteroi left here it was believed that she had gone to Santos with the intention of meeting the Republica, which has been blockading that port for some time past. Shortly after the arrival of the Republica, Admiral da Gama was visited by an officer, believed to be Admiral de Mello, and a long consultation followed. It is believed that an insurgent vessel is to be sent in quest of the Niteroi.

Government Losses Were Heavy.

The returns of the fight at Armacao last week show the total losses of the government were 550 killed and wounded and 60 prisoners taken by the insurgents. On the insurgent side 146 were killed, missing or wounded. The remainder of the insurgents wounded are at Echavias hospital and are progressing favorably. The insurgents are in good spirits and ready to enter another fight at any moment. Admiral da Gama stated he has sufficient provisions and ammunition for several weeks and that he will make every endeavor to maintain his present position until the arrival of southern troops. He obtained many supplies and some men from the districts in the vicinity of Majestropolis, near the head of the bay.

Advices from Desterro state the strong position at Lapata, the foothold of the government in the state of Parnia, was taken on Friday after severe fighting, during which many were killed and wounded on both sides. The general commanding the government troops was wounded and 600 prisoners were taken.

GLADSTONE'S SPEECH WAS SHORT.

He Moved the Discharge of the Order of the Employers Liability Bill.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—There was a notable gathering in the house of commons Tuesday in anticipation of hearing a great speech from Mr. Gladstone, who, according to report, was to make an attack upon the house of lords in connection with its recent rejection or mutilation of popular government bills. Many peers were present in the galleries.

Mr. Gladstone, amidst long and enthusiastic cheers, moved the discharge of order of the employers' liability bill. The speech of Mr. Gladstone in making this motion only lasted 15 minutes. The premier said during the course of his remarks that he was convinced that a large majority of the working classes were opposed to the house of lords' amendments and therefore the government had no option but to withdraw the bill.

Spanish Claim Allowed.

MADRID, Feb. 21.—The minister of foreign affairs has received a cable message from the Spanish minister at Washington saying that the United States government has admitted the principal of the Spanish claim for damages to Spanish subjects who suffered during the Florida war.

Bonilla's Forces Routed.

SAN SALVADOR, Feb. 21.—Manuel Bonilla's forces have been routed near Juzcor by General Villete. At Corpus they were reinforced and another battle took place, when Villete in turn was obliged to retreat. The loss was heavy on both sides.

Mme. Albani Pleased the Empress.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—Mme. Albani sang in concert here and was accorded a flattering reception. The empress summoned her to her box and congratulated her and requested her to sing at a soiree at the palace on Thursday.

New Franchise Bill.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A dispatch from Vienna says: The government announced a new franchise bill with a view of quieting the socialist agitation in favor of universal franchise.

New Move by Governor Rich.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 21.—Governor Rich has decided upon a different line of procedure in the ousting of the secretary of the state, the treasurer and land commissioner. Instead of appointing their successors and joining issue between them in the supreme court he will first bring quo warranto proceedings against the three officials who refused to be deposed by him. They will be made to show cause by what authority they still hold office. After getting them out, which will probably not be accomplished before March 15, their successors will be appointed.

Michigan Election Case.

LANSING, Feb. 21.—In the supreme court in arguments upon applications of Governor Rich for a mandamus to compel the board of canvassers to convene and canvass the 1891 vote on the salaries question. The court took the case under advisement until next Tuesday.

CANAL ACROSS MICHIGAN.

Scheme to Revolutionize the Traffic of the Great Lakes.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—A stupendous canal project which, if successful, will entirely revolutionize the traffic of the great lakes, is said to be in contemplation by a number of capitalists. The proposed canal is designed to immensely facilitate the passage of vessels from Chicago, Milwaukee and other northwestern points to the east, and to render unnecessary the present long route through the Straits of Mackinaw, Lake Huron, St. Clair river and lake, and thence down the Detroit river to Lake Erie. The plan now said to be under serious contemplation is to construct a canal directly across the state of Michigan from the eastern shore of Lake Michigan to either Detroit or Toledo. If these plans prove feasible it will prove one of the most gigantic enterprises of the century. A number of capitalists from Chicago, New York and Boston are said to stand ready to back the project to the extent of \$50,000,000.

TRANSMISSISSIPPIANS.

San Francisco Convention Adopts Resolutions and Adjourns.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—The transmississippi congress passed a resolution memorializing congress to enact legislation donating to the various states and territories all arid lands within the boundaries susceptible to irrigation, prescribing such conditions as will secure the lands to actual settlers through purchase from the state. An ineffectual attempt was made to pledge congress in favor of the system of irrigation and control of arid lands by the general government. Adjourned sine die. The convention was tendered an excursion on the bay by the chamber of commerce of Oakland and San Francisco.

Woman Suffragists.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The ladies attending the Woman Suffrage convention had their photographs taken in a group this morning. There was a large amount of business on the program for transaction and the convention immediately proceeded to business after the picture taking. The subject of assistance to the work of the association by the newspapers of the country came up incidentally as a question of discussion, and in this connection letters were read from Dr. Anthony, a newspaper man of Kansas, offering to publish items of interest to the cause, and a letter from Governor Waite of Colorado on the subject of woman suffrage in that state.

Atlanta, Ga., was chosen as the place for holding the next annual Woman Suffrage convention.

Pollard-Breckinridge Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Judge Bradley of the district supreme court, after listening to counsel for each side, fixed March 8, as the date for beginning the hearing of the suit of Madeline Pollard against Representative W. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky.

Dr. Ducrest Granted a Continuance.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21.—Dr. Arthur Ducrest, the double murderer, charged with killing his wife and babe, was arraigned for preliminary hearing in the criminal court. Ducrest applied for a continuance, which, with the expressed consent of Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes, was granted, the hearing being reset for March 20 next.

Austrian Miners Suspended.

ANGELS CAMP, Cal., Feb. 21.—Four Austrian miners have been arrested, suspected with having placed giant powder under the Magdude boarding house. Suspicion rests mainly upon Antoine Bocarveth. Magdude is improving and the child, which was found in a barrel of wine in the cellar will not suffer serious injury.

Two Train Robbers Arrested.

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 21.—Jack Dunlap and Ernest Miller have been arrested on a charge of robbing the pay car of the Virginia and Truckee road last week. The car was blown up with dynamite and dynamite bombs were found in Miller's room when arrested. Both men claim they can prove an alibi.

Sunday Closing Law Constitutional.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 21.—The supreme court affirmed the constitutionality of the barber's Sunday closing law, holding that the statute is within the police power of the state and does not conflict with the 14th amendment of the federal constitution.

Carr Inquest Ended.

DENVER, Feb. 21.—The inquest on the death of Lawyer Henry L. Carr who was mysteriously shot in his own house two weeks ago has ended, the jury finding that Carr was killed by some person unknown.

Joe Hardin Has Escaped.

CHESTER, Ill., Feb. 21.—Joe Hardin, the Centralia robber, has escaped from the prison here. Hardin was serving a 20-year sentence for an attempt at train robbery at Centralia, Ill., last September.

Judge McGill In a Critical Condition.

CRESTON, Ia., Feb. 21.—Judge J. W. McGill of the interstate commerce commission who has been sick with fever and thought to be recovering has suffered a relapse and is now in a critical condition.

Arguments For Frendergast's New Trial.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Arguments on the motion for a new trial for Assessor Frendergast were concluded. Judge Brennan's decision will be rendered Saturday.

missing. Navigation on the Mississippi was obstructed. New York City, has accepted an invitation to join the Anti-Tammany club. board of supervisors, vice John Skirving, removed, appeared before Judge. hours, 25,000; sheep, 12,000. Chicago Live Stock. fascinating mystery. Washington. Decided Against Appropriation. Chicago, to see what was the result of port of Omaha, Neb. Postmaster—Robert N. Locke, Pierre, McGregor as he came into Strong from his run Friday. They are all